

ABSTRACT

The object of the present invention is a method for increasing the economic yield of the recycling of waste from the processing of non-woven fabric. This result has been obtained by applying the techniques of weaving to non-woven fabrics, that is those materials which on account of their nature do not require any weaving. Using this method it has been possible to obtain textile products composed of strips of non-woven fabric interwoven like weft and warp. The products thus obtained, intended for the cleaning and protection of various surfaces, for example in the home, have performances equal to or superior to those of traditional products with a base of textile fibres.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The object of the present invention is a textile product composed of a weft and a warp, in which the weft and/or the warp are composed of strips of non-woven fabric.

It has in fact been observed that strips of non-woven fabric, such as those obtained from production trimmings, can be used in the same way as textile products on a loom and interwoven in the form of a weft and warp, thus obtaining a fabric with a base of non-woven fibres.

The resulting textile product has proved to be a high-strength product with considerable versatility of application: in particular the best application of the fabric is in the field of cleaning or protection of various surfaces. It can therefore be used in the manufacture of cloths for cleaning floors, of cloths for cleaning small surfaces in the home (e.g.